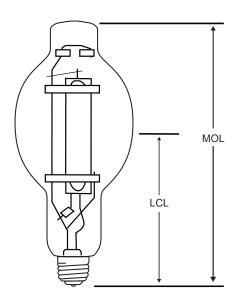
12/8/2011

Metal Halide Lamps

## Metal Halide 1500 Watt BT56 (Clear) Lamp

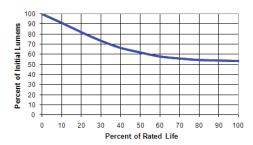
Project:	
Catalog#:	
Approved by:	



Ordering Information	
Howard Catalog Number (Ordering Code)	MH1500/HBU
UPC Code	02107
ANSI Designation	M48/E
Description	Metal Halide
Package Quantity	6
Physical Characteristics	
Bulb Size	BT56
Bulb Finish	Clear
Base	Mogul
MOL (Maximum Overall Length) (in.)	15.38
LCL (Light Center Length) (in.)	9.5
Operating Characteristics	
Lamp Watts (Nominal)	1,500
Approx. Initial Lumens	161,000
Approx. Mean Lumens	100,000
Average Rated Life (Hours)	3,000
Color Temperature (K)	4,200
CRI (Color Rendering Index)	60
Operating Position	
Horizontal Base Up	

## TYPICAL METAL HALIDE LAMPS

Typical Lumen Maintenance Curve

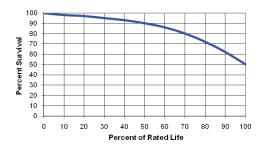


## Note:

- WARNING: THIS LAMP CAN CAUSE SEROUS SKIN AND EYE INFLAM-MATION FROM SHORT WAVE ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION IF THE OUTER ENVELOPE OF THE LAMP IS BROKEN OR PUNCTURED. DO NOT USE WHERE PEOPLE
  - WILL REMAIN FOR MORE THAN A FEW MINUTES UNLESS ADEQUATE SHIELDING OR OTHER SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ARE USED. Lamps that will automatically extinguish when the outer envelope is broken or punctured are commercially available.
- When operated on ballasts having a sustaining voltage less than 270V, lamp life may be significantly reduced.
- Lamps classified as E-type are to only be used in suitably enclosed luminaries.
  Please see Howard HID Lamp Warning.
- Electrical Shock and Burn Hazard: Do not remove or insert lamp when power is own. If outer glass bulb is broken, shut off power immediately and remove lamp after it has cooled.
- Protect lamp from direct contact with liquids to avoid breakage from thermal shock.
- This lamp must be used only with proper circuit and auxiliary equipment and suitable ballast.

## TYPICAL METAL HALIDE LAMPS

Typical Survival Curve



- Do not scratch the glass of bulb or subject this lamp to undue pressure as either may cause lamp to break. Replace scratched, cracked, broken or damaged bulbs immediately.
- The lamp should be screwed firmly, but not forcibly, into the socket to reduce the possibility of loosening due to vibration. Use of excessive force may result in lamp breakage.
- Do not touch hot lamps with fingers, skin or any flammable material. Lamps may remain hot after being turned off.
- 10. Keep combustible materials away from lamp during operation.
- 11. Do not paint the lamp to prevent its overheating or breakage.
- This is a discharge lamp and requires some time to restart and come up to full brightness after a power interruption. Lamps may require 2 to 4 minutes to relight.
- Recycle lamps in accord with local, state, and federal disposal laws.
  See: www.lamprecycle.org.
- 14. Specifications subject to change. Actual results may vary.